

South Bohemian Research Center of Aquaculture and Biodiversity of Hydrocenoses



Fakulta rybářství a ochrany vod Faculty of Fisheries and Protection of Waters Jihočeská univerzita v Českých Budějovicích University of South Bohemia in České Budějovice

Invitation to LECTURE by Dr. Saurav Kumar

Doctor at ICAR-Central Institute of Fisheries Education, Aquatic Environment & Health Management Division, Versova, Andheri (West), India

Lecture

"Risk associated with biotic and abiotic stressors to fish and potential remedial approaches: Learning from Argulus parasite and Triclosan"

Date & Place

Friday, February 10, 2023, 13:00 – 14:30 FFPW, Zátiší 728, Vodňany large meeting room

Abstract

Intensification and diversification of aquaculture system is managed with numerous inputs that create stress on fish. Acute or chronic exposure to biotic and abiotic stressors leads to maladaptation in fish and negatively affects the physiological and growth performance like biomass, development, disease resistance, behavior and reproductive fitness. Argulus is a macro crustacean ectoparasite infesting more than hundreds of fish species. The parasitism causes biotic stresses on host and severely alter the physiological and survival possibility of infected fish. The experimental challenge study of Argulus exposure to fish of various life stage showed varying degree parasitism and modulation in vital marker genes of inflammatory and immune system. Similarly abiotic stressor like polluted water with triclosan (TCS), an emerging contaminant; frequently occurred in natural water is contaminated via untreated or partial treated sewage. Exposure of fish to TCS results in cytotoxicity, genotoxicity, and immunosuppression and alter the antibiotic resistance. Researchers attempted to quantify the risk associated with these stressors and proceeded with developing potential remediation measures like phytomedicine & vaccine to control Argulus parasite and bioremediation and physical entrapment of TCS from contaminated water. Future investigations are necessary to developing adequate remedial measures for making healthy environment to accomplish the Global Sustainable Plan.

Key words: Argulus parasite, triclosan, stressors, toxicity, remediation

Faculty of Fisheries and Protection of Waters, Zátiší 728, Vodňany, Laboratory of cellular, molecular and quantitative genetics

Curriculum Vitae



Education

S. Degree Year of Discipline School/College/University %Marks/OGPA No. passing 1. Doctor 2018 Aquatic Animal Health ICAR-CIFE, Mumbai 8.87/10.0 2. 2011 ICAR-CIFE, Mumbai 8.61/10.0 Post Fish Pathology and Microbiology, CIFE Graduate 3. Graduation 2009 **Fisheries Science** COF, Mangalure 8.76/10.0

ICAR-Central Institute of Fisheries Education, Aquatic Environment & Health Management Division, Versova,

Dr. Saurav Kumar

Andheri (West), India

Current Scientific Research Program

Project completed: Risk assessment of emerging pollutant, triclosan: environmental risk assessment, toxicological impact on algae, bacteria and fish. Developing integrated technology for remediation of triclosan from waste water; immunomodulatory and antiparaasitic effects of Azadirachtin against crustacean ectoparasite Argulus spp. in goldfish (Carassius auratus) worked on Haemato-immunological profiles of goldfish fed with experimental diet with various concentration of Azadirachtin; development of in vitro and in vivo experiment for evaluation of antiparasitic efficacy of Azadirachtion solution against Argulus spp. infested on goldfish

Skills and expertise

Fish Toxicology, Ornamental Fish, Fish Biology, Fish Pathology, Fish Physiology, Fish Histology, Fish Immunology, Aquaculture Management, Fish Diseases, Aquatic Animal Health, Hematological and immunological profiling technique, Water Quality Analysis, SPSS Statistical Analysis, Probit Analysis

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